

Safety Data Sheet

Section 1. Identification

Product name : 2331-ZX Soldering Flux and Flux Pen
Product code : 4060030
Product type : Liquid.
Date of issue/Date of revision : April 1 2025.

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Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word

: Danger

Hazard statements

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
May be harmful if swallowed.
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (blood system, kidneys, liver)
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General

: Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Causes digestive tract burns.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol	60-70	67-63-0
Proprietary Additive(s)	10-20	-
Amine	1-10	-
Additive	1-10	-
L-(+)-lactic acid	1-10	79-33-4
Proprietary Organic Acid.	1-10	-

Continued on next page

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 30 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns.
- Ingestion** : May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that mists are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
halogenated compounds

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to

avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Control parameters

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Isopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Notes: Refers to Appendix A -- Carcinogens. ACGIH 2003 Adoption STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Amine	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2003). Absorbed through skin. Notes: 1994-1995 Adoption TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: All forms TWA: 0.46 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

- Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

- Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Hygiene measures	- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. - Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. - Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. - Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
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- Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Yellowish.
- Odor** : Alcohol-like.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : 6.5
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 82°C (179.6°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 12°C (53.6°F)
- Evaporation rate** : Not available.
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.
- Vapor pressure** : 4.3 kPa (32.25258 mm Hg)
- Relative vapor density** : Not available.
- Relative density** : Not available.
- Solubility** : Not available.
- Miscible with water** : No.
- VOC** : 746.4 g/l
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : 370°C (698°F)
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, reducing materials, metals, acids and alkalis.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6290 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.7 g/kg	-
Proprietary Additive(s)	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	8700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	53 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	7750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12600 mg/kg	-
Amine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8180 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	3300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	2200 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	680 mg/kg	-
Additive	LD50 Oral	Rat	1070 mg/kg	-
I-(+)-lactic acid	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1810 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Oral	Rabbit	5 g/kg	-
Proprietary Organic Acid.	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	3600 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	1920 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1938 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1950 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Proprietary Additive(s)	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Amine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	5500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	50 mg	-
Proprietary Organic Acid.	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	2 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 MI	-

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Amine Additive	Positive	-	Positive	Rat - Female	Subcutaneous: 1500 mg/ kg	9 days During Pregnancy; 6 hours per day 13 weeks; 7 days per week - -
	-	Positive	-	Rat - Male	Oral: 2500 ppm	
	Equivocal	-	-	Mouse	Intraperitoneal: 3825 mg/ kg	
	Equivocal	-	-	Mouse	Oral: 12 g/kg	

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Isopropyl alcohol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Amine	Category 2	-	blood system, kidneys, liver

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns.

Ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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Section 11. Toxicological information

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Amine	Chronic TD50 Oral	Mouse	1000 mg/kg	-
	Chronic TD50 Oral	Rat	25 mg/kg	-

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	3494.38 mg/kg
Dermal	70932.58 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	12.13 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Amine	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
	Acute EC50 103000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 28800 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l	Daphnia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Daphnia	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2150 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1370 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Additive	Acute LC50 1480 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
l-(+)-lactic acid	LC50 9 mg/l	Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 240000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
Proprietary Organic Acid.	Acute LC50 130 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	EC50 44 mg/l	Algae	72 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Isopropyl alcohol	0.05	-	low
Proprietary Additive(s)	-1.76	-	low
Amine	-1.43	-	low
Additive	-3.28	-	low
Proprietary Organic Acid.	<0.3	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1219	UN1219	UN1219
UN proper shipping name	Isopropanol solution	Isopropanol solution	Isopropanol solution
Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 
Packing group	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

China

SDS complies with the General Rules for Classification and Hazardous Communication of Chemicals GB-13690-2009, GB-30000 series, and GB/T 16438-2008.

List of Goods banned for Importing

None of the components are listed.

Drug Precursors Requiring an Import/Export License

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Hazardous Chemicals

Ingredient name	Status
2-Propanol	Listed
Amine	Listed

List of Explosive Precursors

None of the components are listed.

List of Goods banned for Exporting

None of the components are listed.

List of Toxic Chemicals Severely Restricted for Importing & Exporting by China

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue and classification of drug precursor chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Inventory of Highly Toxic Articles

None of the components are listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals of Priority Management

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Dust

None of the components are listed.

Catalogue of Occupational Disease Hazard Factors - Chemical Factors

Ingredient name

Isopropanol

Listed

Proprietary Organic Acid.

Listed

Other China Regulations

Catalogue of Hazardous Chemicals (2015)

Classification & code of dangerous goods (GB 6944-2012)

Production Safety Law of the People's Republic of China

Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases

Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China

Regulation on Work Safety Licenses

Classification of transportation packing type of dangerous goods GB/T 15098-2008

General rules for classification and hazardous communication of chemicals GB 13690-2009

List of Dangerous Goods GB12268-2012

Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) for hazardous chemicals GBZ 2.1-2007

Hazardous Chemicals Safety Management Ordinance China (2013 revised)

Safety data sheet for chemical products: content & order of sections GB/T 16483-2008

Rules for classification and labelling of chemicals GB30000-2013

Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheet for chemical products GB/T 17519-2013

Japan

Fire Service Law

Class	Product name/Property	Hazard category	Precautionary statement	Designated quantity
Category IV	Class I petroleums	II	Flammable - Keep Fire Away	200 L

Fire Service Law - : Listed

Obstructive materials

ISHL

None of the components are listed.

Organic solvents : Class 2

poisoning prevention

Substances requiring labelling

Ingredient name	%	Status
Propyl alcohol	≥60 - ≤70	Listed
Amine	≥1.0 - ≤10	Listed

Chemicals requiring notification

Ingredient name	%	Status
Propyl alcohol	≥60 - ≤70	Listed
Amine	≥1.0 - ≤10	Listed

Guideline for Preventing Health Hazard by chemical substances (Carcinogenicity)

None of the components are listed.

Mutagen

None of the components are listed.

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Dangerous Substances : Inflammable

Chemical Substances Control Law (CSCL)

Isopropyl alcohol	60-70	Priority assessment
Amine	1-10	Priority assessment
Additive	1-10	Priority assessment

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

Ingredient name	%	Status
Ethylene oxide and preparations containing it	≤0.00010	Deleterious

Pollutant Release and Transfer Registers (PRTR)

Ingredient name	%	Status
Amine	≥1.0 - ≤10	Class 1

JSOH Carcinogen : Group 2B

Republic of Korea

A. Regulation according to ISHA

ISHA article 117 : None of the components are listed.
(Harmful substances prohibited from manufacture)

ISHA article 118 : None of the components are listed.
(Harmful substances requiring permission)

Article 2 of Youth Protection Act on Substances Hazardous to Youth : Not applicable.

Exposure Limits of Chemical Substances and Physical Factors

The following components have an OEL:

Isopropyl alcohol
Proprietary Additive(s)
Amine
formaldehyde
ethylene oxide

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 19 (Exposure standards established for harmful factors) : The following components are listed: Formaldehyde, ethylene oxide

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 21 (Harmful factors subject to Work Environment Measurement) : The following components are listed: isopropyl alcohol, diethanolamine

ISHA Enforcement Regs Annex 22 (Harmful Factors Subject to Special Health Check-up) : The following components are listed: Isopropyl alcohol

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Standard of Industrial Safety and Health Annex 12 (Hazardous substances subject to control) : The following components are listed: isopropyl alcohol, diethanolamine

B. Regulation according to Chemicals Control Act

CCA Article 11 (TRI) : The following components are listed: 2-Propanol

Article 18 Prohibited (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

Article 19 Subject to authorization (K-Reach Article 25) : None of the components are listed.

Article 20 Toxic Chemicals (K-Reach Article 20) : Not applicable

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
None of the components are listed.		

Article 20 Restricted (K-Reach Article 27) : None of the components are listed.

CCA Article 39 (Accident Precaution Chemicals) :

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
None of the components are listed.		

Existing Chemical Substances Subject to Registration :

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
None of the components are listed.		

C. Dangerous Materials Safety Management Act : **Class:** Class 4 - Flammable Liquid
Item: 2. Class 1 petroleums - Water-insoluble liquid
Threshold: 200 L
Danger category: II
Signal word: Contact with sources of ignition prohibited

D. Wastes regulation : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Malaysia

Poison Act, Poison List - Schedule 1

	Part I				Part II	Exempt
Ingredient name	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D		
Formaldehyde	-	-	-	-	-	Exemption may apply

Poison Act, Poison List - Schedule 3

Not applicable.

Singapore

Singapore - hazardous chemicals under government control

None.

Taiwan

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SDS complies with the Regulation of Labeling and Hazard Communication of Hazardous Chemicals

TCCSCA List of toxic chemicals

Not applicable.

TCCSCA List of concerned chemicals

Not applicable.

OSHA Enforcement Rules Article 28 : This product contains substances "Specially hazardous to health": Isopropyl alcohol.

List of chemicals reputed to be a "threat of imminent danger" : This product contains substances considered to be a "Threat of imminent danger": Isopropyl alcohol.

OSHA Article 29 : None of the components are listed.

OSHA Article 30 : Employers shall not employ a pregnant female laborer to perform any potentially dangerous or harmful work involving this product. (OSHA Art. 30 first part, par 5)

Organic solvent poisoning prevention rule : Type 2

Priority management chemicals, Article 2

CMR chemical substances, category 1 (Article 2.2 (I)) : ☒ Applicable

Chemical substances possessing physical hazards or health hazards (Article 2.2 (II))

Ingredient name	Name on list	Concentration
Isopropyl alcohol	Isopropyl alcohol	≥50 - ≤75

Regulation Governing Designation and Handling Permission of Controlled Chemicals : Not applicable

International regulations

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.
Canada : At least one component is not listed in DSL but all such components are listed in NDSL.
China : All components are listed or exempted.
Japan : Not determined.
New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan : ☒ All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 5	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3	Calculation method
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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